

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

PE-Cy7 Anti-Mouse CD4 (GK1.5)

Catalog Number: 60-0041

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Contents: PE-Cy7 Anti-Mouse CD4 (GK1.5)

Isotype: Rat IgG2b, kappa

Concentration: 0.2 mg/mL

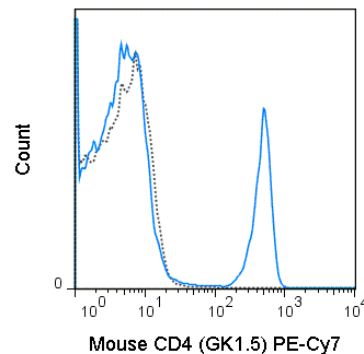
Clone: GK1.5

Reactivity: Mouse

Use By: 6 months from date of receipt

Storage Conditions: 2-8°C protected from light

Formulation: 10 mM NaH₂PO₄, 150 mM NaCl, 0.09% NaN₃, 0.1% gelatin, pH7.2



C57Bl/6 splenocytes were stained with 0.25 ug PE-Cy7 Anti-Mouse CD4 (60-0041) (solid line) or 0.25 ug PE-Cy7 Rat IgG2b isotype control (dashed line).

DESCRIPTION

The GK1.5 antibody reacts with mouse CD4, a 55 kDa protein which acts as a co-receptor for the T cell receptor (TCR) in its interaction with MHC Class II molecules on antigen-presenting cells. The extracellular domain of CD4 binds to the beta-2 domain of MHC Class II, while its cytoplasmic tail provides a binding site for the tyrosine kinase lck, facilitating the signaling cascade that initiates T cell activation. CD4 is typically expressed on thymocytes, certain mature T cell populations such as Th17 and T regulatory (Treg) cells, as well as on dendritic cells. The GK1.5 antibody is widely used as a phenotypic marker for CD4 expression. If used together, the GK1.5 antibody and an alternative antibody, Anti-Mouse CD4 clone RM4-5, will “compete” for binding, i.e. RM4-5 is able to block GK1.5 binding to cells. In contrast, the Anti-Mouse CD4 clone RM4-4 does not block binding of the GK1.5 antibody to cells (Arora S et al. 2006. Infect. Immun. 74: 4339-4348). The GK1.5 antibody is also reported to be cross-reactive with Syrian hamster CD4.

PREPARATION & STORAGE

This monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant via affinity chromatography. The purified antibody was conjugated under optimal conditions, with unreacted dye removed from the preparation. It is recommended to store the product undiluted at 4°C, and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

APPLICATION NOTES

This antibody preparation has been quality-tested for flow cytometry using mouse spleen cells, or an appropriate cell type (where indicated). The amount of antibody required for optimal staining of a cell sample should be determined empirically in your system.

REFERENCES

Taniguchi RT, DeVoss JJ, Moon JJ, Sidney J, Sette A, Jenkins MK, and Anderson MS. 2012. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 109: 7847-7852. (in vivo depletion)Wolkers MC, Gerlach, C, Arens R, Janssen EM, Fitzgerald P, Schumacher TN, Medema JP, Green DR, and Schoenberger SP. 2012. Blood. 119:798-804. (in vivo depletion)Lee L-F, Logronio K, Tu GH, Zhai W, Ni I, Mei L, Dilley J, Yu J, et al. 2012. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 10:1073. (Flow cytometry).Thornton EE, Looney MR, Bose O, Sen D, Sheppard D, Locksley R, Huang X, and Krummel MF. 2012. J. Exp. Med. 10:1084. (Immunohistochemistry – OCT embedded frozen tissue) Stephen TL, Wilson BS, and Laufer TM. 2012. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 109: 7415-7420. (Immunoprecipitation)Hammerbeck CD and Hooper JW. 2011. J. Virol. 85 (19) 9929-9944. (Flow cytometry – Syrian hamster).Diamond MS, Kinder M, Matsushita H, Mashayekhi M, Dunn GP, Archambault JM, Lee H, Arthur CD, White JM, Kalinke U, Murphy KM, and Schreiber RD. 2011. J. Exp. Med. 208: 1989-2003. (in vitro blocking)Kao H, Lin J, Littman DR, Shaw AS, and Allen PM. 2008. J. Immunol. 181: 8248-8257. (Immunoprecipitation)Felix NJ, Donermeyer DL, Horvath S, Walters JJ, Gross M, suri A, and Allen PM. 2007. Nat. Immunol. 8:388-397. (in vitro blocking)

NOTE: Please choose the appropriate format for each application. Citations are provided as a convenience to you; please consult Materials and Methods sections for additional details about the use of any product in these publications.

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